



Assessment planning Guidance for ASDAN qualifications

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Planning for assessment

ASDAN centres are required to show evidence of assessment planning as part of the centre approval process and whenever they submit a sample for external quality assurance (EQA) sampling. Assessment planning:

- supports centre staff with responsibility for delivery and assessment to think through what their learners will need to do to achieve an ASDAN qualification
- using ASDAN assessment plans, or a similar tool, guides assessors to differentiate between learning/teaching activities and assessment tasks, choose appropriate assessment activities for their learners, and identify effective forms of evidence from each assessment activities
- provides ASDAN with reassurance that centre staff understand their responsibilities relating to ASDAN qualifications

Principles of assessment

ASDAN must ensure that its qualifications are credible with users, partner organisations and the wider community, and that they provide nationally and internationally recognised standards of attainment. This means that all assessment methods, whether internally or externally assessed must meet our principles of assessment.

All assessment must be valid, reliable, manageable, equitable and fair:

- ✓ **Valid** will the assessment measure what it is supposed to?
- ✓ Reliable would the assessment show the same results over time and across different learners and cohorts?
- ✓ **Manageable** can it be administered and assessed in your learning situation, can it be achieved by your learners, and will the assessor be able to determine achievement?
- ✓ **Equitable and fair** is the assessment accessible to all learners and free of any aspects that would disadvantage a learner because of their gender, race, disabilities, etc?

This guide is structured around these principles and shows how they can be applied to ensure that your assessments meet ASDAN's principles of assessment and meet national standards.

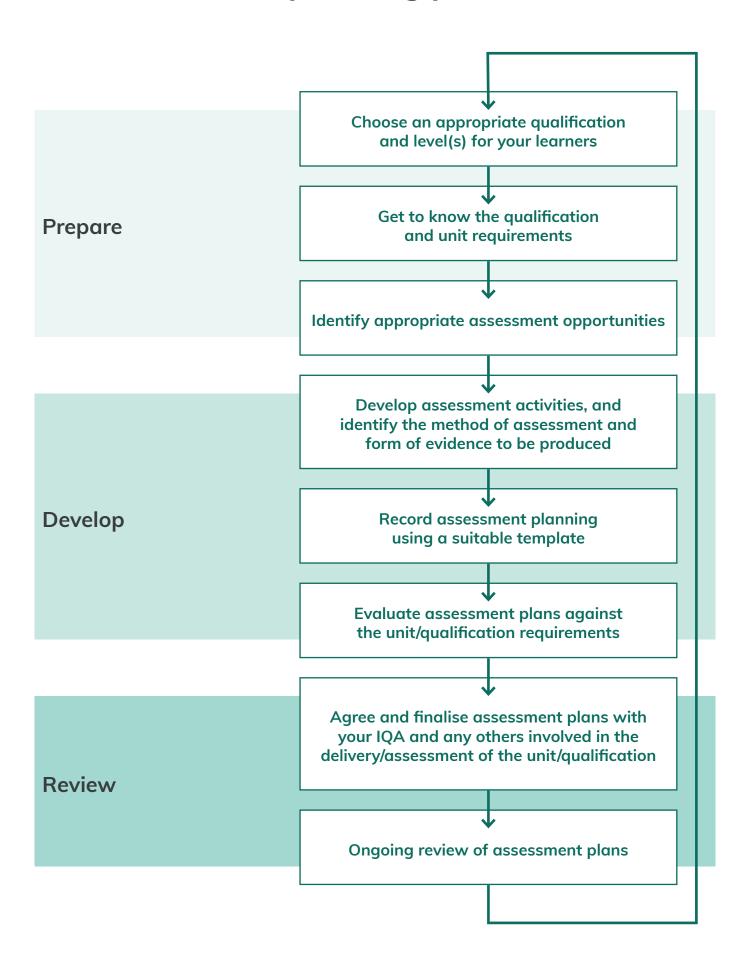
Ensuring validity

Validity is a measure of the accuracy of an assessment. An assessment is valid when it:

- is appropriate for its purpose
- has an outcome which is measurable against the relevant assessment criteria
- has been designed to allow learners to show that they have the required knowledge, understanding and/or skills to meet the requirements of the unit/qualification
- allows all assessors to make reliable assessment decisions
- allows the interpretation and inferences, which can be drawn from the assessment outcomes to be meaningful and justifiable

Validity must be ensured at each stage of the assessment process.

The assessment planning process



Prepare

Choose an appropriate qualification and level(s) for your learners

It is important to know what the overall aim is for your learners and the level(s) your learners are working at, so that you can choose the most appropriate qualification and units for them to complete.

What do you want your learners to achieve? You may be required to support your learners to achieve a specific qualification that complements other elements of their curriculum, or your may be choosing a qualification and units to address gaps in their knowledge/skills.

Understanding qualification levels

ASDAN qualifications are available at six different levels: Entry Levels 1, 2 and 3 and Levels 1, 2 and 3. All ASDAN qualifications have a difficulty level. The higher the level, the more difficult the qualification.

Qualification level	What they entail
Entry level Entry level qualifications cover three sub-levels: Entry 1, 2 and 3. Entry level 3 is the most difficult.	Qualifications at this level recognise basic knowledge and skills and the ability to apply learning in everyday situations under direct guidance or supervision. Learning at this level involves building basic knowledge and skills.
Level 1	basic knowledge and skills
Similar to having a GCSE at grades D-G or 1–3.	ability to apply learning with guidance or supervision
Level 2	 good knowledge and understanding of a subject
Similar to having a GCSE at grades A*-C or 4-9.	 ability to do a variety of tasks with some guidance or supervision
Level 3	ability to gain or apply a range of knowledge, skills and
Similar to an AS or A level*	 understanding at a detailed level appropriate if the learner plans to go to university, work independently – this level requires independent assessment evidence and not ambiguous group work

^{*} AS levels and A levels are both Level 3. Traditionally AS levels are studied over one year and A levels over two years, so the learner learns more about the subject at A level.

Prepare

Different learners in the same group may be working at different levels. ASDAN qualifications are designed so that you can deliver the same qualification at different levels at the same time.

It is important to know what level the learner is working at and has previously attained. This should shape the assessment activity and method that is selected for both the learner and the cohort.

It is important that centres understand the differences between levels, to ensure that assessment plans will enable learners to meet the different requirements of the unit/qualification at their chosen level. Centres should familiarise themselves with the differences in the assessment criteria at different levels (eg between Levels 1 and 2) and plan their assessments accordingly.

Qualification specifications are available to download from the qualifications course pages of the ASDAN website: **asdan.org.uk**

Get to know the qualification and unit requirements

So that valid assessments can be developed, centres should be familiar with the qualification units and their specific requirements, as set out in the qualification specification. This clearly identifies the knowledge, understanding and skills that are to be assessed.

Further guidance on fulfilling the unit specification can be found in the guidance sections of the standards with guidance or qualification centre handbook (PSE), available to download from the qualifications course pages of the ASDAN website: **asdan.org.uk**

Prepare

Identify appropriate assessment opportunities

As assessment is the process of evaluating an individual's learning, you should always consider the role of the assessment in a programme of learning. ASDAN provides resources that show examples of assessment opportunities for qualification units:

Qualification	Assessment resources available
AoPE	Student booksRecording documents (eg plan, do, reviews)
CoPE	Student booksRecording documents (eg plan, do, reviews)
Employability	Unit activitiesResource sheets
PSD (Personal and Social Development)	Unit activitiesSummative challenges (Levels 1 and 2 only)
Personal and Social Effectiveness	Summative C challenge briefsProject forms (units DP1 and DP2 only)
Personal Progress	My Independence programmes could be used to provide activities and opportunities for assessment.

Assessment resources are available to download from the qualifications course pages of the ASDAN website: **asdan.org.uk**

Develop assessment activities, and identify the method of assessment and form of evidence to be produced

The assessment method will vary depending on what is being assessed – knowledge or skill performance. The assessment method and the level the learner is working at will influence the evidence that could be produced.

Assessment of knowledge-based assessment criteria

Assessment method	Suitable types of evidence	2
Oral questioning: discussioninterviewquiz	Discussion checklistProfessional discussion recordInterview notes	Witness statementAudio recordings with timelineRecord of answers given
Written questioning: essay formatquiztest	EssayWorksheetQuiz answer sheetMultiple-choice answer sheet	Test answer sheetOnline test score sheetCertificate
Product review	Product itself (eg poster, leaflet, budget)Reports produced by learner	

Assessment of skills-based assessment criteria

Assessment method	Suitable types of evidence
Observation:	Witness statement
 simulation/role play 	Peer statements
 work placement 	Observation checklist
presentation	Video with commentary
	Audio with commentary
	Annotated photograph
Product review	Product itself (eg DT object, artwork)
	Annotated photograph of the product
	 Screenshots from video of product with commentary

Think about the number of assessments

In ASDAN qualifications, it is not necessary to design an assessment activity to assess each learning outcome or assessment criterion separately. ASDAN encourages a combined approach that allows evidence for a range of learning outcomes or assessment criteria within or across more than one unit to be gathered. This approach can:

- take less time
- avoid over-assessment and improve motivation
- make the assessment process more meaningful for learners
- facilitate quality assurance activities
- give assurance of overall competence
- benefit learning

A combined assessment can arise from identifying similar assessment requirements in different units, so a carefully chosen assessment activity will reduce or remove the need for duplicate assessment.

Alternatively, you may be able to identify an overarching task that allows evidence for a range of learning outcomes within or across more than one unit to be gathered by a single coherent activity.

If you are developing an assessment activity across units, you must be sure that the content of the units is sufficiently related to make the assessment coherent and meaningful to learners. Some assessment methods lend themselves more easily to assessing across more than one criterion/learning outcome or unit than others.

Centres must also take care to ensure that combining assessments does not make the assessment task more difficult for the learner, by creating higher levels of demand than would be required in separate assessments.

The activities of a combined assessment should be included in an assessment plan and cross-referenced back to the relevant assessment criteria. This will help to ensure that all learning outcomes of all the units have been achieved.

Consider the learner

The following questions may help centres to reflect on ways to involve learners in the assessment process. This will encourage a sense of ownership of their learning.

- Does the assessment match the sequence of knowledge acquisition and skills development in the learning or training programme?
- Have you avoided excessive assessment by considering learner workloads, both within and across subjects?
- Have you reduced over-assessment by finding opportunities to combine assessments?
- Is the time required for assessment realistic?

To ensure that your assessments are equitable and fair, you should also consider these questions:

- Does the assessment offer all learners an equal opportunity to demonstrate their attainment?
- Are the scenarios or contexts in the assessment open and accessible to all learners?
- Could any part of the assessment or the assessment itself have an adverse impact on disabled learners or any other groups?
- Does any illustrative material used in the assessment reflect an inclusive view of society and promote equality?

Develop an assessment

Provided that centres have considered all the points above, they should be confident that the choice of assessment will:

- allow learners to produce sufficient evidence of the skills, knowledge and understanding specified in the unit to ensure coverage of the learning outcomes
- allow learners to produce evidence that can be measured against the requirements in the unit specification
- ensure that the demand of the assessment matches the Regulated Qualification
 Framework (RQF) level of the unit guidance on level descriptors can be found at:
 gov.uk/guidance/ofqual-handbook/section-e-design-and-development-ofqualifications#level-descriptors
- allow integration of assessment where possible
- be accessible to all learners who have the potential to achieve the unit, including disabled learners and/or those with additional support needs
- be able to be carried out effectively and efficiently within the resources of your centre

Record assessment planning using a suitable template

It is good practice to draw up an assessment plan that aligns the unit learning outcomes and assessment criteria with the learning process and the acquisition of knowledge and skills, and indicates how and when the unit will be assessed. In a course or programme of learning consisting of a number of units, it is likely that a range of assessment methods will be used.

Assessment plans should be shared with everyone involved in the delivery and assessment of that unit and internal quality assurers (IQAs), while learners should also be given relevant information.

An assessment plan should address most, if not all of the following points. It should:

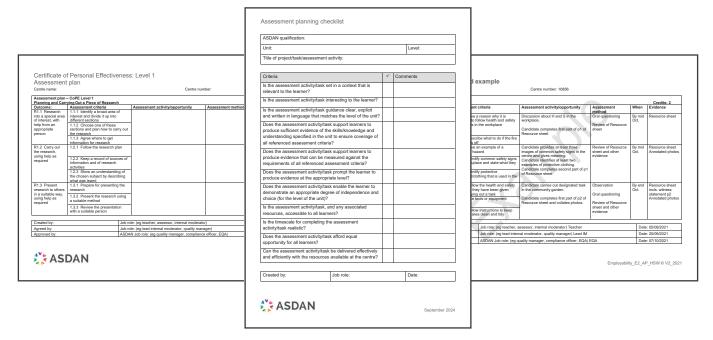
- provide a calendar or timetable for unit assessment
- name the assessment methods to be used
- provide a rationale for your chosen assessment methods to ensure that the skills, knowledge and understanding defined in the units will actually be assessed
- allocate units to particular assessors (if appropriate)
- describe how the assessments are to be administered, taking account of practical issues
- note arrangements that need to be made to take account of additional support needs
- note arrangements that need to be made to take account of prior learning
- describe the measures to be taken to ensure that the evidence produced is authentic and
- describe how and when requirements for record-keeping and quality assurance processes will be met
- identify points for a review of assessment practice and its impact on learners

Assessment plan templates

ASDAN provides **Assessment plan templates** to support centres in planning assessments for ASDAN qualifications. These templates are specific to each qualification, unit and level with the unit assessment criteria in place.

Centres may find it helpful to use the **Assessment planning checklist** to support this process.

Centres can also access **Completed examples** of assessment plans for a range of units and levels, for guidance on what a finalised assessment plan could contain.



Evaluate assessment plans against the unit/qualification requirements

Once an assessment plan has been written, it is important to evaluate the assessment opportunities, assessment methods, time frame and evidence against the unit specification and qualification requirements (in the specification). This acts as a final check to ensure that the planned assessments will enable learners to meet the full requirements of the units.

Review

Agree and finalise assessment plans

All assessment plans should be created as part of the centre's teaching and assessment planning and before the first unit is taught to students. It is recommended that both the teacher/assessor and IQA work together on the assessment plan so that there is shared understanding of how the assessment criteria are going to be assessed.

Once there is agreement from both the teacher/assessor and IQA, the assessment plans can be finalised for use.

ASDAN will ask for at least three assessment plans (per qualification) to be produced for scrutiny as part of the centre approval process, before the centre is allowed to start delivering the qualification. ASDAN will review the sampled assessment plans and comment on whether the plans will enable learners to be successfully assessed for the units delivered by the centre. ASDAN will provide advice and guidance to address any areas of concern identified during the review.

The table at the bottom of each assessment plan must be completed to show:

- Who the plan was **created by** their name, job role (eg teacher, assessor, IQA) and the date it was created
- Who the plan was **agreed by** their name, job role (eg lead IQA, quality manager) and the date it was agreed
- Who at ASDAN the plan was **approved by** their name, ASDAN job title (eg quality manager, quality officer, EQA) and the date it was approved

Ongoing review of assessment plans

Assessment plans must be continually reviewed to ensure they remain fit for purpose and meet the needs of the current cohort.

Assessment plans are submitted with learners' portfolios for external quality assurance sampling to ensure that the evidence provided matches with the centre's plans for assessment. Centres should review EQA feedback in relation to the suitability of their assessments and update assessment plans as required.

Assessment planning resources

ASDAN has provided resources to support centres in planning their assessments.

These resources are available to download from the qualifications course pages of the ASDAN website:

asdan.org.uk

Assessment plan templates

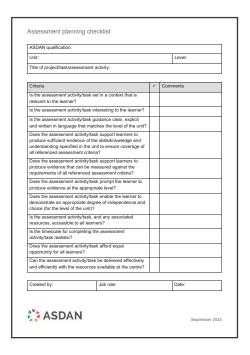
These templates can be used to plan assessments for ASDAN qualifications. The templates are specific to each qualification, unit and level.

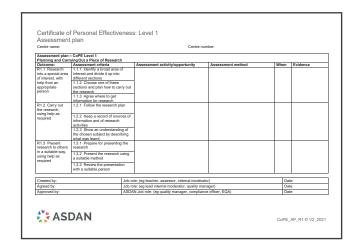
Assessment planning checklist

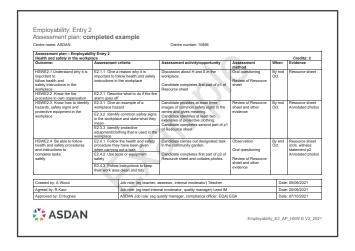
This checklist can be used to support the process of writing an assessment plan. It is generic and can be used for any qualification or unit.

Completed examples of assessment plans

Completed examples are available for a range of units and levels, to provide guidance for centres on what is required and acceptable.







notes		

